



ÉCOLE GLOBALE

INTERNATIONAL GIRLS' SCHOOL

Dehradun

HOLIDAY HOMEWORK - CLASS VII

SOCIAL SCIENCE

CHAPTER: WATER

Ques.1 What are the sources of fresh water?

Ques.2 What is salinity? Why is sea water saline?

Ques.3 What is terrarium?

Ques.4 Mention the various movements of ocean water.

Ques.5 Why is water essential for us? Mention any three uses of water.

Ques.6 Distinguish between the following:

- a) Waves and harbour waves
- b) Spring tide and neap tide
- c) Warm currents and cold currents

Ques.7 Give reasons

- a) Tides help in navigation
- b) Ocean currents help in fishing
- c) Swimmers can float in Dead Sea
- d) 22nd March is celebrated as World Water Day.

Ques.8 Mark the following on the world physical map.

WARM OCEAN CURRENTS

- a) Alaska current
- b) Gulf stream
- c) Kuroshio current

COLD OCEAN CURRENTS

- a) Canaries current
- b) Labrador current

Ques.9 Mark the major mountain ranges in India:

- a) Himalayan
- b) Purvanchal
- c) Karakoram and Pir Panjal range
- d) Shivalik
- e) Satpura
- f) Aravali
- g) Western ghat
- h) Eastern ghat

Ques.10 Mark the popular hill stations of India:

4 each from North, South, East and West

CHAPTER: AIR

Ques.1 Define the following terms:

- a) Air Pressure
- b) Atmosphere
- c) Weather
- d) Climate
- e) Humidity
- f) Wind

Ques.2 Which instrument is used to measure the following:

- a) Amount of rainfall
- b) Direction of wind
- c) Temperature of atmosphere

Ques.3 Give one word for the following :

- a) The envelope of air surrounding the Earth.
- b) The amount of moisture present in the air.
- c) Layer of atmosphere rich in ozone.
- d) Study of weather.


e) Winds that blow over a particular area at a particular time.

Ques.4 Give reasons:

- i) Wet clothes take longer time to dry on a humid day.
- ii) Amount of insolation decreases from equator towards poles.

Ques.5 Make a weather calendar for one week. Use pictures or symbols to show different types of weather. You can use more than one symbol in a day, if the weather changes. For example the sun comes out when rain stops.

An example is given below:

DAY	WEATHER
1. 	Sunny day

Chapter : Forest Vegetation and Wildlife

1. Which vegetation region is referred to as 'Bread Baskets'? Why so?
2. Why is tundra region called Arctic region?
3. Which parts of the world have Mediterranean climate? What are these areas known as?
4. Which grass lands contain elephant grass? Describe wildlife in such regions.
5. Explain the terms deciduous and evergreen.
6. Name the two hardwood trees commonly found in tropical evergreen forest.
7. In which climatic conditions are citrus fruits cultivated?
8. Mention the uses of coniferous forest.
10. How is height of land and the character of vegetation related with each other?
11. Give reasons:
 - a) The animals in polar region have thick fur and thick skin.
 - b) Tropical deciduous trees shed their leaves in the dry season.
 - c) The type and thickness of vegetation changes from place to place.

HISTORY

CHAPTER : MUGHAL EMPIRE

Ques.1 What were the main features of Sulh-i-kul?

Ques.2 What is the importance of the 1st and 2nd Battle of Panipat?

Ques.3 Fill in the blanks:

- a. _____ built Humayun's tomb.
- b. _____ was illiterate but had tremendous love for learning.
- c. _____ is famous for his "Golden Chain of Justice".
- d. _____ reign is considered to be the "Golden Period of the Mughal Dynasty".

Ques.4 Match the following:

Mansab	governor
Mongol	rank
Nur Jahan	Uzbek
Subedar	Jahangir

Ques.5 What were the relationships between the mansabdar and the jagir.

Ques.6 Why did the Mughals emphasise their Timurid and not their Mongol descent?

Ques.7 How important was the income from land revenue to the stability of the Mughal Empire?

VERY SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

Ques.8 Who was Genghis Khan?

Ques.9 To whom did Babur defeat at Chanderi?

Ques.10 What forced Humayun to flee to Iran?

Ques.11 What do you mean by the rule of primogeniture?

Ques.12 Who fought guerrilla warfare?

Ques.13 What were the main features of Silh-i-Kul?

Chapter : The Delhi Sultans

- Who among the following was not a Turkish ruler :
 - Khizr Khan
 - Raziya
 - Balban
 - Iltutmish
- Why did the authors of tawarikh write their histories for Sultans?
- Define following:
 - Garrison towns
 - Bandagans
 - Iqta
 - Hinterlands
 - Tawarikh
- Who was Sher Shah Suri? What do you know about his administration?
- What was the impact of the Mongol invasions on the Delhi Sultanate?
- What were the steps taken to ensure that muqtis performed their duties? Why do you think they may have wanted to defy the orders of the Sultan?
- Raziya Sultan was unique in the history of the Delhi Sultanate. Do you think women leaders are accepted more readily today? Throw some light on the status of women in the present scenario.
- Why were the Delhi Sultans interested in cutting down forest? Does deforestation occur for the same reason today?
- 'Muhammad Tughlaq's administrative measures were well planned but poorly executed. Comment on the statement.

Chapter (Tribes, Nomads and Settled Communities)

- The Gonds practised :
 - Shifting cultivation
 - Subsistence cultivation
 - Intensive agriculture
 - Plantation agriculture

2. What made the Brahmanas more influential in the Gond Society?
3. Write a short note on 'Banjaras'.
4. Mention some features of the Tribal societies.
5. Write a brief note on the administrative system of the Gond kingdom.
6. Who were Ahoms? How did they built a large state?
7. In what ways was the history of the Gonds different from that of Ahoms? Were there any similarities?
8. How was the administration of Ahom State organized?
9. How did the castes of entertainers earn their livelihood?
10. Which tribe was very influential in Punjab during the 13th and 14th centuries?
11. Name any two tribes which lived in the in the extreme South.
12. Plot the location of the tribes mentioned in the chapter on a map. For any two ,discuss whether their mode of livelihood was suited to the geography and the environment of the area where they lived.

Chapter : Political parties/Role of state government

1. Define the term 'Health'.
2. What is the condition of health care in our country?
3. What do you mean by public healthcare service?
4. In what ways are public healthcare services beneficial to the people?

5. Is it right to say that private hospitals are beyond reach of the poor? If yes, how?
6. Write a short note on state legislature.
7. Who is an MLA? What are the requirements of being an MLA?
8. How does an MLA become a minister?
- 9 Define the terms:
 - a) Single party system
 - b) Bi-party system
 - c) Coalition government
10. The role of opposition parties is very important in a democracy. Explain